

**Report of the Portfolio Holder for Community Safety****ANTI SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR CASE REVIEW (COMMUNITY TRIGGER) POLICY AND PROCEDURE****1. Purpose of Report**

To inform Members of an updated policy in respect of anti-social behaviour (ASB) case reviews requested under the provisions of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014.

**2. Recommendation**

**Cabinet is asked to RESOLVE that the Anti–Social Behaviour Case Review (Community Trigger) Policy and Procedure be approved.**

**3. Detail**

Part 6 of the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 came into force on 13 May 2014. The Act contains provisions which give victims of persistent anti-social behaviour the ability to demand a formal case review where the locally defined threshold is met. In Broxtowe, this has been set at the statutory maximum of three qualifying complaints of anti-social behaviour in a six-month period. For the purposes of the Community Trigger procedures, a qualifying complaint is:

- where the anti-social behaviour was reported within one month of the alleged behaviour taking place; and
- the application to use the ASB Case Review/Community Trigger is made within six months of the report of anti- social behaviour.

Where this is the case, a case review will be undertaken by the relevant bodies (local councils, police, Clinical Commissioning Groups, and registered providers of social housing who are co-opted into this group, which has been undertaken in Broxtowe).

They will share information related to the case, review what action has previously been taken and decide whether additional actions are possible. The review will see the relevant bodies adopting a problem-solving approach to the ASB to identify solutions where these are appropriate. The victim is informed of the outcome of the review. Where further actions are necessary an action plan will be created, including timescales.

The original policy has been updated following the retirement of the Head of Public Protection driving changes to the coordination and chairing of the service. The policy has been used 11 times since it was first adopted in November 2019.

2017 Policy	2022 Policy
Throughout the Policy	Change 'Head of Public Protection' to 'Chief Communities Officer'
Appendix 1. Stage Two Case Review	Removal of discussion of finding a resolution with the applicant. This has not been successful in the past and it is necessary to reduce the resource for Community Trigger applications in line with the loss of the Head of Public Protection.
Appendix 1. Stage Three Further Review	Removal of the need for the Monitoring Officer to review as this function is undertaken by the Police and Crime Commissioner.

The revised policy and procedure is shown in the appendix 1.

#### 4. Financial Implications

The comments from the Head of Finance Services were as follows:

There are no additional financial implications for the Council with any costs being contained within existing budgets.

#### 5. Legal Implications

The comments from the Monitoring Officer / Head of Legal Services were as follows:

The report details the relevant legislation and legal considerations; therefore, no direct legal implications arise from this report.

#### 6. Human Resources Implications

The comments from the Human Resources Manager were as follows:

There are no HR comments to add.

#### 7. Union Comments

The Union comments were as follows:

No Comments

#### 8. Data Protection Compliance Implications

There are no Data Protection Concerns.

9. Equality Impact Assessment

As there is no material change to the policy it does not require an equality impact assessment.

10. Background Papers

Nil.